Note: As part of an ongoing project to clarify and update the Proposition 65 regulatory provisions, OEHHA has reorganized the Clear and Reasonable Warnings section 25601 of Title 27, California Code of Regulations. The purpose of the reorganization was to facilitate the research and utilization of this section. No substantive changes were made to the regulation; it was simply restructured, with individual subjects being placed under subsections with subtitles. No language was removed or added. This reorganization has not altered the purpose or applicability of this section.

Title 27, California Code of Regulations
ARTICLE 6. Clear and Reasonable Warnings

§ 25601 Clear and Reasonable Warnings

Whenever a clear and reasonable warning is required under Section 25249.6 of the Act, the method employed to transmit the warning must be reasonably calculated, considering the alternative methods available under the circumstances, to make the warning message available to the individual prior to exposure. The message must clearly communicate that the chemical in question is known to the state to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm. Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude a person from providing warnings other than those specified in this article that satisfy the requirements of this article, or to require that warnings be provided separately to each exposed individual.


§ 25602 Definitions

(a) “Affected area” means the area in which an exposure to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity is at a level that requires a warning.
(b) "Consumer products exposure" is an exposure that results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service.
(c) "Environmental exposure" is an exposure that may foreseeably occur as the result of contact with an environmental medium, including, but not limited to, ambient air, indoor air, drinking water, standing water, running water, soil, vegetation, or manmade or natural substances, either through inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, or otherwise. Environmental exposures include all exposures that are not consumer products exposures, or occupational exposures.
(d) "Exempt retailer" means, for the purposes of this Article only, any retailer with less than (____) square feet of retail space or less than (___) square feet of retail space devoted to the sale of food products.
(e) "Food product(s) " or "Food product category" describes foods and/or categories of foods identified in the U.S. National Institute of Health’s National Health And Nutrition Examination Survey (“NHANES”) or other means allowed for the identification of general product categories under Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27 § 25721(d)(4) or 25821(c)(2).
(f) "Food product exposure” means an exposure to a listed chemical resulting from a person’s acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a food product.
(g) "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic matter upon a product or its immediate container.
(h) “Labeling” means any label or other written, printed or graphic matter affixed to or accompanying a product or its container or wrapper.
(4) "Non-exempt retailer" means, for the purpose of this Article only, any retailer with at least (_____) square feet of retail space or at least (___) square feet of retail space devoted to the sale of food products.

(f) "Occupational exposure" means an exposure to any employee in his or her employer’s workplace.

(g) "Sign" means a presentation of written, printed, or graphic matter.


§ 25603 Consumer Products Warnings
(a) Warnings for consumer products exposures that include the methods of transmission and the warning messages as specified by this section shall be deemed to be clear and reasonable.
(b) To the extent practicable, warning materials such as signs, notices, menu stickers, or labels shall be provided by the manufacturer, producer, or packager of the consumer product, rather than by the retail seller.
(c) A person in the course of doing business, who manufactures, produces, assembles, processes, handles, distributes, stores, sells, or otherwise transfers a consumer product which he or she knows to contain a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity in an amount that requires a warning shall provide a warning to any person to whom the product is sold or transferred unless the product is packaged or labeled with a clear and reasonable warning.


§ 25603.1 Consumer Products Exposure Warnings – Method of Transmission
The warning may be provided by using one or more of the following methods singly or in combination:
(a) A warning that appears on a product's label or other labeling.
(b) Identification of the product at the retail outlet in a manner which provides a warning. Identification may be through shelf labeling, signs, menus, or a combination thereof.
(c) The warnings provided pursuant to subparagraphs (a) and (b) shall be prominently placed upon a product's label or other labeling or displayed at the retail outlet with such conspicuousness, as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices in the label, labeling or display as to render it likely to be read and understood by an ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase or use.
(d) A system of signs, public advertising identifying the system and toll-free information services, or any other system that provides clear and reasonable warnings.


§ 25603.2 Consumer Products Exposure Warnings – Content
(a) The warning message must include the following language:
1. For consumer products that contain a chemical known to the state to cause cancer: 
"WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer."
2. For consumer products that contain a chemical known to the state to cause reproductive toxicity: 
"WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm."

§ 25603.3 Warnings for Specific Consumer Products Exposure

(a) For food, other than alcoholic beverages, sold, served, or otherwise provided in food facilities, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 27521(a), which is intended for immediate consumption: "WARNING: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm may be present in foods or beverages sold or served here.”

(b) For fresh fruits, nuts, and vegetables:
"WARNING: This product may contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm."

(c) This section provides an additional warning method that a person may, at its option, choose to provide in lieu of existing methods authorized under this section 25306.3. Those other warning methods remain available at the option of such person. This section shall apply to the content of and method of providing "safe harbor" warnings regarding exposure to chemicals in food products that are sold, served, or otherwise provided in a retail facility, or are sold to distributors, wholesalers or others for ultimate resale to such retail facility. Any person who, in the course of business, causes an exposure to a listed chemical in a food product sold by an exempt or non-exempt retailer, where such exposure requires a warning under Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, shall be deemed to have satisfied its warning obligations for such exposure if such person provides warnings according to the procedure described in this subsection.

1. A manufacturer, processor, or other person who, in the course of business, causes a food product exposure resulting from a sale by a retailer, where such exposure requires a warning under Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, shall be deemed to have satisfied its warning obligations if such person submits to OEHHA:

   (A) A list of all food products for which the manufacturer, processor or other person responsible for the food product exposure intends to provide a warning pursuant to this section. The product list may include products other than those in food product categories described in the general warning in section 25603.3(c)(2)(A), and shall include the name of the manufacturer and the brand name and product identification number or other description of each product.

   (B) Individual product-specific warnings for each product on the list submitted under section 25603.3(c)(1)(A), in electronic form suitable for viewing on a computer monitor or downloading for inclusion in a binder or other physical compilation. The content of the warning may consist of any of the following, at the option of the person responsible for the exposure providing the warning:

      (i) Existing safe harbor language set forth under sections 25603.2 or 25603.3 above;

      (ii) Warnings from a judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction in a Proposition 65 enforcement action concerning the food product or a similar food product within the same food product category; or
(iii) Any other language approved by OEHHA in response to a request as set forth in section 25603.3(c)(5)(B)(iii) below.

The product-specific warning may also, but is not required to, include additional explanatory information provided by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration concerning the exposure for which the warning is given, information from another appropriate state or federal regulatory agency, or information approved by OEHHA. OEHHA shall collect and maintain product-specific warnings provided by food manufacturers, processors or producers and make them available to retailers and the public on its web site. OEHHA may disapprove any product-specific warning other than as set forth in section 25603.2, by providing written notice to the person submitting the warning explaining the reasons for the disapproval. Receipt of such a disapproval notice may not be used as evidence of non-compliance with this section 25603.3(c) where the person receiving such notice modifies the product-specific warning to correct the insufficiencies identified in the notice and resubmits the modified warning to OEHHA within 90 days.

2. Except as provided in section 25603.3(c)(3), whether or not the manufacturer, processor or producer of the food product(s) has complied with 25603.3(c)(1), a retailer who, in the course of business sells a food product where such product contains a listed chemical requiring a warning under Health and Safety Code section 25249.6, shall be deemed to have satisfied its warning obligations arising from such exposure if it is an 'exempt retailer' as defined in section 25602(d) or by providing the following two-component warning program:

(A) General Food Warning. Twice each year for the first two years following the effective date of this section 25603.3(c) and annually thereafter, retailers will obtain from OEHHA the then current version of a general food warning described below and will provide the most recently obtained version to consumers in the retail store:

“WARNING: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm may be present in some food products sold here. These products include [Food product categories to be supplied by OEHHA]. For more specific information regarding these and other products sold in this store, [provide instructions regarding location and form of specific warnings, i.e., see binder maintained at the customer service desk; see listing on electronic kiosk; see back of your cash register receipt; “etc.”]

The general warning shall be provided in at least one location and may be provided by any of the following methods:
(i) On a sign or poster at a location likely to be seen by consumers upon entering or prior to leaving the store (e.g., as consumers stand in line at the cash register, checkout stand, on a floor display, near the front entrance, or other location reasonably expected to be seen by consumers in the ordinary course of shopping); OR

(ii) In a pamphlet or brochure made available to consumers upon entering or prior to leaving the store or at point of purchase; OR

(iii) On cash register receipts, through use of a scan device, or other system or method designed to transmit information to a consumer; OR

(iv) Any other method approved by OEHHA, pursuant to the process described in section 25603.3(c)(5)(B)(ii), or set forth in a judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction for the same food product(s) in the same food product category.

(B) Product-Specific Warnings. Twice each year for the first two years following adoption, and annually thereafter, retailers will obtain from OEHHA updated versions of the product-specific warnings based on product specific warning information posted on OEHHA’s website as of January 31 of each calendar year, and replace old warnings with the most currently available version as soon as reasonably practicable. Retailers shall make product-specific warnings available in the retail outlet in a form accessible to consumers, such as:

(i) Electronic information on a computer terminal or monitor; OR

(ii) Binder(s) or other physical compilation(s) of product-specific warnings downloaded and printed from OEHHA; OR

(iii) Cash register receipts, scan device or other system or method designed to transmit information to a consumer; OR

(iv) Any form permitted by sections 25601 – 25603; or

(v) Any other form approved in advance by OEHHA, pursuant to the process described in section 25603.3(c)(5)(B), or set forth in a judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction for the same products or products in the same food product category.

3. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a retailer, whether exempt or non-exempt, will not be deemed, pursuant to section 25603.3(c)(2) above, to comply with that section or with Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 as to products it does not manufacture, where it takes actions that render the product-specific warning for such food product inapplicable, inaccurate, or incomplete, including:

(A) Cooking, reprocessing, or otherwise altering the product such that the chemical composition of the product has changed after the product has left the control of the manufacturer, processor, producer or distributor;
(B) Repackaging the product so that the product is no longer as described by the manufacturer and/or does not match the product-specific warning materials provided by the manufacturer, processor or producer to OEHHA; or

(C) Altering, omitting, destroying, removing, or otherwise making the product-specific information unavailable or inaccessible to consumers.

A retailer that has taken any of the actions described above with regard to a food product that requires a warning under Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 will nonetheless be deemed to have satisfied its warning obligations if the retailer has provided the general warning described in subsection 25603.3 (c)(2)(A) above and provides a product-specific warning for such food product in compliance with sections 25603.3(c)(1)(B) and 25603.3(c)(2)(B)(i-iv).

Where food is prepared in accordance with manufacturer direction, and the manufacturer has provided a product-specific warning in accordance with this section for food so prepared (e.g., the addition of water to a concentrated soup or drink mix), then this section shall not apply to the retailer, who complies with subsection (c)(2).

OEHHA may disapprove a retailer’s implementation of the warning program allowed under this section 25603.3(c) by providing written notice to the retailer explaining the reasons for the disapproval. Receipt of such a disapproval notice may not be used as evidence of non-compliance with this section or with California Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 where the retailer notifies OEHHA in writing that it has corrected the insufficiencies identified in the notice within 90 days.

4. A distributor or other business in the chain of distribution for a food product shall be deemed in compliance with this section and Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 for an exposure caused by any food product sold at retail for which the manufacturer or any other entity in the chain of distribution has provided warnings in compliance with section 25603.3(c)(1) unless it takes actions that render the product-specific warning inapplicable, inaccurate, or incomplete, including

(A) Cooking, reprocessing, or otherwise altering the product such that the chemical composition of the product has changed after the product has left the control of the manufacturer;

(B) Repackaging the product after it has left the control of the manufacturer so that the product is no longer as described by the manufacturer and/or does not match the product-specific warning materials provided by the manufacturer to OEHHA; or

(C) Altering, omitting, destroying, removing, or otherwise making the product-specific warning information unavailable or inaccessible to consumers.

5. Nothing in this section is intended to change or conflict with contractual obligations between manufacturers, producers, distributors and retailers.

6. OEHHA, or OEHHA’s delegate, shall:

(A) No later than six months after the effective date of this section 25603.3(c), after consultation with interested parties, create:
(i) A mechanism by which manufacturers may upload or otherwise
electronically transmit product-specific warning materials to OEHHA or to OEHHA’s delegate;

(ii) A model general warning for retailers that satisfies section
25603.3(c)(2)(A), above;

(iii) An initial list of food product categories that must be identified in the
general warning described in section 25603.3(c)(2)(A);

(iv) A webpage from which model general warnings, food product
categories, and product-specific warnings may be accessed and downloaded by retailers and the
public.

OEHHA, or OEHHA’s delegate, shall maintain the warning materials created,
developed or collected under this section. At least semi-annually for the first two years following the
effective date of this section 25603.3(c), and at least annually thereafter, OEHHA, or OEHHA’s
delegate, shall publish updated warning materials, to include any new or amended product-specific
warnings submitted from manufacturers and any modification to the list of food product categories
or model general warning as provided herein. (B) Review, accept, accept with conditions
requiring specific modifications, or reject the following requests within 90 days of submission:

(i) A request from any person responsible for a food product exposure
who provides a warning pursuant to this section 25603.3(c) to modify the list of food product
categories to be included in the general warning. Modifications that are accepted shall be included
in the next scheduled update of materials made available to the public.

(ii) A request from a retailer for approval of any or all components of its
overall program for conveying warnings under this provision.

(iii) A request from a manufacturer for approval of product-specific
warning language other than that provided in section 1(B) above.

All responses to requests submitted under this section 25603.3(c)(5)(B) shall be made in writing.
For any response other than unconditional acceptance, OEHHA shall provide the requester with a
detailed explanation, and allow the requester 30 days to modify and resubmit the request or to seek
reconsideration of the response. Requests and responses thereto, other than unconditional
acceptance under parts (ii) and (iii) above, and all communications related to such requests, shall
remain confidential unless confidentiality is waived by the requesting party and shall be inadmissible
in any enforcement action arising from an assertion that warnings provided pursuant to this section
are not clear and reasonable under section 25249.6 of the statute.

(d) For prescription drugs, the labeling approved or otherwise provided under federal law and the
prescriber’s accepted practice of obtaining a patient’s informed consent shall be deemed to be a clear
and reasonable warning.

(ec) For exposures resulting from emergency or urgent medical or dental care as defined in Section
25102(g), the accepted practice of obtaining the patient’s informed consent shall be deemed to be a
clear and reasonable warning when any of the following circumstances exists:

1. the patient is unconscious; or

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2. the procedure must be undertaken because the licensed medical personnel, licensed dental personnel, or certified emergency medical personnel responsible for administering the care, as these terms are defined in Sections 25102(q), 25102(d), and 25102(b), respectively, reasonably believes that the procedure should be undertaken immediately; and therefore, there is insufficient time to fully inform the patient; or
3. the procedure must be performed on a person legally incapable of giving consent, and the licensed medical personnel, licensed dental personnel, or certified emergency medical personnel responsible for administering the care reasonably believes the procedure should be undertaken immediately; and therefore, there is insufficient time to obtain the informed consent of a person authorized to give such consent for the patient.

(e) Alcoholic Beverages. For alcoholic beverages, including, without limitation, beer, malt beverages, wine and distilled spirits:

1. The warning message must include the following language:

"WARNING: Drinking Distilled Spirits, Beer, Coolers, Wine and Other Alcoholic Beverages May Increase Cancer Risk, and, During Pregnancy, Can Cause Birth Defects."

2. Beverages primarily intended for consumption off the premises where sold or distributed:
(A) at least one notice or sign, no smaller than 10 inches wide by 10 inches high, and bearing the warning message set forth in subparagraph (e)(1) of this subsection; or
(B) at least one horizontal strip marker no smaller than 10 1/2 inches wide by 1 1/4 inches high, and bearing the warning message set forth in paragraph (e)(1) of this subsection; or
(C) a notice no smaller than 5 inches by 5 inches, and bearing the warning message set forth in subparagraph (e)(1) of this subsection.

(D) If signs 10 inches high by 10 inches wide are used, the word "warning" shall be centered three-quarters of an inch from the top of the sign in ITC Garamond bold condensed type face all in one-inch capital letters. Three-sixteenths of an inch from the base of the word "warning" shall be a line extending from left to right across the width of the sign one-sixteenth of an inch in thickness. Centered one-half inch below the line shall be the body of the warning message in 36/50 ITC Garamond bold condensed type face with the initial letter of each word, other than the conjunctive "and," capitalized. For the body of the warning message, left and right margins of at least one-half of an inch, and a bottom margin of at least one-half inch shall be observed. Larger signs shall bear substantially the same proportions of type size and spacing to sign dimension as the sign 10 inches high by 10 inches wide.
(E) If the 10 1/2 inch by 1 1/4 inch horizontal strip markers are used, the word "WARNING," punctuated by a colon, shall be justified left and located three-sixteenths of an inch from the top of the strip notice in ITC Garamond bold condensed type face all in capital letters measuring eleven sixteenths of an inch in height. Three-quarters of an inch from the base of the word "WARNING" shall be a line extending from left to right across the width of the word "WARNING" and the punctuating colon one-third of an inch in thickness. Located one-fourth of an inch from the top and one-fourth of an inch from the bottom of the strip notice, and to the immediate right of the word "WARNING," shall be the body of the warning message in 12/16 point ITC Garamond bold condensed type face with the initial letter of each word, other than the conjunctive "and," capitalized. The word "WARNING" shall be one-half inch from the left edge of the strip notice and the requisite warning message shall extend to within one-half inch from the right edge.
(F) If the 5 inch by 5 inch signs are used, they shall bear substantially the same proportions of type size and spacing to sign dimension as the sign 10 inches high by 10 inches wide, with both the word "WARNING" and the warning text set in white on a contrasting red background.
(G) Such sign or notice shall be placed in the retail establishment so as to assure that it is readable and likely to be read either at each retail point of sale or each point of display. Such sign or notice
shall be placed either at all retail points of sale or all points of display, but need not be placed at both. If 10 inch by 10 inch signs or notices are placed at the point of display, each shall be placed no more than ten feet from any alcoholic beverage container and in a manner associating the sign or notice with the display. If horizontal strip notices are used, they shall be placed at ten-foot intervals horizontally along the display. If a 5 inch by 5 inch sign is used, it shall be conspicuously placed at each retail point of sale (e.g., check-out counter, cash register, cash box) so that it is likely to be read and understood during the sales transaction.

(H) All measurements specified or referred to in paragraphs (D), (E) and (F), above, are not required to be precisely accurate.

3. For beverages provided for consumption on the premises at tables served by food or beverage persons, or sold or distributed through over the counter service;
   (A) a notice or sign displayed at each of the tables where alcoholic beverages are served or may be consumed at least 5 inches high by 5 inches wide bearing substantially the same type face and substantially the same proportion of type size and spacing to sign dimension as described in paragraph (e)2. (F); or
   (B) the warning message set forth in subparagraph (e)(1) of this subsection, placed upon a menu or list in association with the alcoholic beverages listed thereon and served at such premises, or if alcoholic beverages are not listed thereon, on any menu or list provided to patrons in association with the listing of food or beverage offerings, in type size and design, such that the text is conspicuous and likely to be read prior to consumption of alcoholic beverages or,
   (C) at least one 10 inch by 10 inch sign, meeting the specifications set forth in subparagraph (e)2. (D) of this subsection, placed so that it is readable and likely to be read by patrons as they enter each public entrance to the establishment. If the establishment does not have clearly defined physical boundaries delineating those areas where, by permit or license, alcoholic beverages are served, the 10 inch by 10 inch sign shall be posted so that it is readable and likely to be read by patrons as they enter the area or areas where, by permit or license, alcoholic beverages are served; and
   (D) if sold or distributed through over-the-counter service, at least one sign, meeting the specifications set forth in paragraph (e)2. (D) of this subsection, placed in the retail establishment so that the warning message is, prior to the consumption of alcoholic beverages, readable and likely to be read from all counter locations available to the public. Therefore, a retail establishment providing a warning pursuant to the preceding sentence, also would be required to provide a warning in accordance with either paragraph 3. (A), 3.(B) or 3.(C) of this subsection.

4. For premises which are specially licensed to sell and serve alcoholic beverages both on and off the licensed premises (e.g., in facilities that offer both "tasting" and retail sales), the off-sale portion of the premises shall comply with the provisions of subparagraph (e)2, above, and the portion of the premises where alcoholic beverages are served shall comply with the provisions of subparagraph (e)3, above.

5. For alcoholic beverages sold or distributed to consumers through the mail or package delivery services, warnings may be provided by incorporating or placing the warning message set forth in subparagraph (e)(1) on or in the shipping container or delivery package in such a manner so that the warning message is likely to be read by the recipient prior to consumption of the alcoholic beverage(s).

6. All signs or notices referred to in subparagraphs (e)2., (e)3. and (e)4., above, shall be displayed so that they are clearly visible under all lighting conditions normally encountered during business hours.
7. For alcoholic beverages, the placement and maintenance of the warning shall be the responsibility of the manufacturer or its distributor at no cost to the retailer, and any consequences for failure to do the same shall rest solely with the manufacturer or its distributor, provided that the retailer does not remove, deface, or obscure the requisite signs or notices, or obstruct, interfere with, or otherwise frustrate the manufacturer's reasonable efforts to post, maintain, or periodically replace said materials.


§ 25604 Occupational Exposure
(a) Warnings for occupational exposures that include the methods of transmission and the warning messages as specified by this section shall be deemed clear and reasonable.


§ 25604.1 Occupational Exposure Warnings – Methods of Transmission
(a) The method employed to transmit the warning must include one of the following alternative methods:

1. A warning that appears on the label or labeling of a product or substance present or used in the workplace. The label or labeling shall be prominently displayed on the product or substance and the product or substance shall be used under circumstances which make it likely that the warnings will be read and understood by employees or other individuals prior to the exposure for which the warning is given.

2. A warning that appears on a sign in the workplace posted in a conspicuous place and under conditions that make it likely to be read and understood by employees and other individuals prior to the exposure for which the warning is given.


§ 25604.2 Occupational Exposure Warnings – Content
(a) For purposes of subparagraph (a)1. of section 25604.1, the warning shall be provided in terms which would provide a clear warning for a consumer product as specified above.

(b) For purposes of subparagraph (a)2. of section 25604.1, the following specific warning messages shall be deemed to clearly communicate that an individual is being exposed to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

1. For exposure to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer:
   "WARNING: This area contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer."

2. For exposure to a chemical known to the state to cause reproductive toxicity:
   "WARNING: This area contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm."

§ 25605 Environmental Exposure
(a) Warnings for environmental exposure that include the methods of transmission and the warning messages content as specified by this section shall be deemed clear and reasonable.


§ 25605.1 Environmental Exposure Warnings – Methods of Transmission
(a) The method employed to transmit the warning must include the most appropriate of the following alternative methods under the circumstances:
1. A warning that appears on a sign in the affected area.
2. A posting of signs in the manner described in Section 6776(d) of Title 3 of the California Code of Regulations as amended on May 10, 1999 shall be sufficient for purposes of this paragraph.
3. A warning which is in a notice mailed or otherwise delivered to each occupant in the affected area. Such notice shall be provided at least once in any three-month period.
4. A warning provided by public media announcements which target the affected area. Such announcements shall be made at least once in any three-month period.
(b) Environmental exposure warnings shall be provided in a conspicuous manner and under such conditions as to make it likely to be read, seen or heard and understood by an ordinary individual in the course of normal daily activity, and reasonably associated with the location and source of the exposure.


§ 25605.2 Environmental Exposure – Content
(a) For purposes of subsection (a)(1) of section 25605.1, the following specific warning messages shall be deemed to clearly communicate that an individual is being exposed to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm.
1. For exposure to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer:
"WARNING: This area contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer."
2. For exposure to a chemical known to the state to cause reproductive toxicity:
"WARNING: This area contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm."